

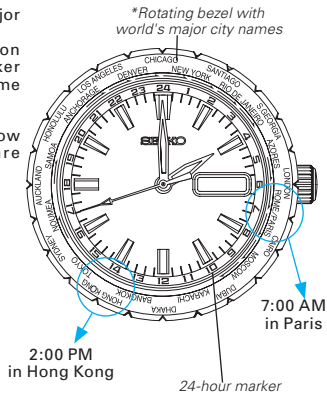
# HOW TO USE THE WORLD TIME FUNCTION

INSTRUCTIONS	(P. 2)
BEDIENUNGSANLEITUNG	(S. 10)
INSTRUCTIONS	(P. 18)
ISTRUZIONI	(P. 26)
INSTRUCCIONES	(P. 34)
INSTRUÇÕES	(P. 42)
ИНСТРУКЦИИ	(С. 50)
用法説明	(58 頁)

## IF YOUR WATCH HAS A BEZEL WITH CITY NAMES OF THE WORLD'S MAJOR CITIES

The city names of the world's major cities are displayed on this bezel. The combination of city name on the bezel and the 24-hour marker lets you know the approximate time of each city.

**Example:** When you wish to know the time in Paris while you are staying in Hong Kong



*\* Cities on the bezel may differ by model.*

Supposing that the hour hand is pointing to the current hour in Hong Kong which is 2:00 PM:

1. Convert the current hour in Hong Kong to the 24-hour format.  
2:00 PM to 14:00
2. Turn the bezel until the city name HONG KONG points to "14" on the 24-hour marker. The hour in Paris which is 7 o'clock in the morning (7:00 AM) can be obtained by reading the hour marker to which the city name PARIS corresponds.

*\*The time differences between cities represented by the city names on the bezel are one-hour offsets.*

The same manner can be applied to read the time in any other city on the bezel.

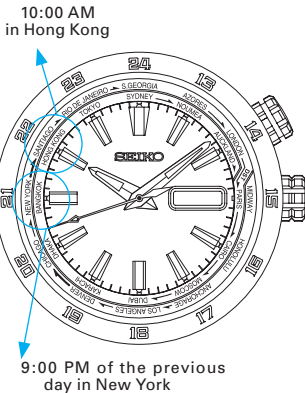
For example, the hour in Los Angeles can be read as 22:00 (10:00 PM).



**Example 2:** When you wish to know the time in New York while you are staying in Hong Kong.

Supposing that the hour hand is pointing to the current hour in Hong Kong which is 10:00 AM:

1. Turn the crown for the inner rotating ring until the city name HONG KONG is set to the time to which the hour hand is pointing. The hour in New York which is 9 o'clock can be obtained by reading the hour marker to which the city name NEW YORK corresponds.
2. For determining if the time is AM or PM in New York, follow the city names on the ring from HONG KONG to find NEW YORK (do not turn the crown). If you follow the ring clockwise, you cannot go further when you reach AUCKLAND. Therefore, follow the ring counterclockwise to reach NEW YORK.



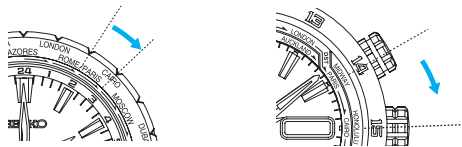
3. Since the 12 o'clock hour marker is passed before reaching NEW YORK, it can be read that it is 9:00 PM of the previous day in New York.

*\*The time differences between cities represented by the city names on the ring are one-hour offsets.*

### DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME

Daylight saving time is a system adopted by some countries to make the best use of daylight during a certain period in summer. Under this system the time is advanced one hour.

If daylight saving time is in effect in the selected city, rotate the ring to, or read the hour of, the city in the time zone which is advanced one hour. If daylight saving time is used in a city on the rotating bezel or inner rotating ring, an arrow mark is printed on the right of the city name. For example, if daylight saving time is in effect in Paris, it is in the time zone of Cairo to which the arrow mark points.



## TIME DIFFERENCE TABLE

\* Refer to the table below for time differences from GMT (UTC) in major cities in the world.

Major cities in respective time zones	Time difference with GMT (UTC)
Midway Islands, Samoa	-11 hours
Honolulu	-10 hours
Anchorage ★	-9 hours
Los Angeles ★, San Francisco ★	-8 hours
Denver ★, Edmonton ★	-7 hours
Chicago ★, Mexico City ★	-6 hours
New York ★, Washington ★, Montreal★	-5 hours
Santiago ★	-4 hours
Rio de Janeiro ★	-3 hours
S. Georgia	-2 hours
Azores ★	-1 hour
London ★, Casablanca	0 hour

Paris ★, Rome★, Amsterdam★	+1 hour
Cairo ★, Athens★, Istanbul★	+2 hours
Moscow ★, Mecca, Nairobi	+3 hours
Dubai	+4 hours
Karachi, Tashkent★	+5 hours
Dhaka	+6 hours
Bangkok, Jakarta	+7 hours
Hong Kong, Manila, Beijing, Singapore	+8 hours
Tokyo, Seoul, Pyongyang	+9 hours
Sydney ★, Guam, Khabarovsk★	+10 hours
Nouméa, Solomon Islands	+11 hours
Wellington ★, Fiji islands, Auckland★	+12 hours

\* Cities marked with "★" use daylight saving time.

\* The time differences and use of daylight saving time in each city are subject to change according to the governments of the respective countries or regions.